AR, VR, and immersive technologies: The new mode of learning and the key enablers in enhancing library services

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Abstract:

Libraries have always been important community hubs, offering resources and programming that benefit the public. The modern world is witnessing a rapid transformation in the way people engage with information and technology. The growth of AR, VR and other immersive technologies have brought a new dimension to the library experience. These technologies have the potential to transform the way libraries engage with their communities, offering new and innovative ways to deliver information to support learning. The paper delves into the significance of AR, VR and immersive technologies in libraries, their benefits, cost, financial implications and the strategies for overcoming challenges. It includes recommendations for libraries interested in incorporating AR, VR, and immersive technologies into their services. All these offer insights into how they can be used to build sustainable communities. It also includes examples of proven track records of such immersive services being deployed at various libraries in Singapore and its multi-fold benefits.

Keywords: AR, VR, Immersive Technologies, NLB

1. Significance of AR, VR, and Immersive Technologies in Libraries

The advent of Augmented Reality (AR), Virtual Reality (VR), and immersive technologies has revolutionized various industries, including libraries. These technologies have transformed the traditional library experience, making it more interactive and engaging for patrons.

AR allows users to superimpose digital content on physical objects, bringing historical artifacts, extinct animals, book contents, and interactive artwork to life. This enhances learning and understanding through active engagement.

VR enables patrons to explore simulated environments like ancient cities or distant planets, fostering a love for learning and attracting more visitors to libraries.
AR, VR, and immersive technologies improve accessibility for diverse user groups, including people with disabilities and distance learners. Virtual interfaces cater to specific needs, and VR-enabled virtual libraries and exhibitions enable remote access, democratizing knowledge and education.

Within libraries, these technologies support innovative teaching and learning practices. Librarians can design interactive educational programs and workshops, offering virtual field trips and interactive simulations that develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills.

Furthermore, these technologies expand the library's reach beyond physical space. Libraries can curate digital collections and collaborate with other institutions to create immersive experiences, reaching a global audience and establishing valuable partnerships.

2. Benefits of AR, VR, and Immersive Technologies in Libraries

2.1 Increased Engagement and Participation

Immersive technologies such as AR, VR, Mixed Reality (MR), and interactive large format displays or projections have the potential to transform libraries into dynamic and engaging spaces. By incorporating these technologies, libraries can enhance user engagement and create inclusive learning experiences for patrons of all ages.

These immersive technologies also benefit patrons accessing from remote locations, as VR and AR provide virtual access to library events and workshops, fostering inclusivity and equal access to knowledge and cultural experiences.

Libraries can gamify learning using AR/VR, turning educational experiences into engaging quests, challenges, or puzzles. Interactive scavenger hunts encourage exploration and discovery within the library space.

Moreover, immersive technologies enable collaborative learning opportunities, allowing users from different locations to come together in shared virtual environments, fostering a global learning community.

By embracing AR, VR, and immersive technologies, libraries can revolutionize traditional learning methods and attract a wider audience by going global. With digital technology, a network of borderless libraries emerges.

Interactive experiences inspire curiosity, encourage active participation, and deepen understanding of available resources. Libraries that adopt these innovations will become knowledge hubs and centres for creativity and community interaction in the digital age.

2.2 Improved Accessibility and Inclusivity

Advancements in AR and VR technologies have the potential to revolutionize libraries, making them more inclusive and accessible to diverse communities. These interactive technologies cater to various learning styles, physical abilities, and sensory preferences, opening new possibilities for library experiences.
For individuals with disabilities, AR can enhance the reading experience by overlaying auditory descriptions or tactile feedback on printed text, enabling visually impaired individuals to read independently.

VR environments allow people with mobility challenges to virtually explore historical sites and digital exhibitions, fostering a sense of inclusion and cultural appreciation.

AR and VR also help to bridge language barriers by providing multi-language support. Libraries can offer digital collections with real-time translation capabilities, allowing non-native speakers to access information in their preferred language. VR language learning applications immerse users in realistic scenarios, improving language proficiency and cultural understanding.

These technologies promote representation and diversity, empowering marginalized communities. Libraries can curate immersive experiences that showcase underrepresented cultures, histories, and perspectives, fostering empathy among patrons.

AR and VR offer unique learning experiences for various age groups. AR integration in children's books makes stories interactive and enhances early literacy development. Virtual field trips enrich students' educational experiences, exposing them to different time periods, cultures, and scientific realms.

AR and VR provide a safe space for users with autism spectrum disorder (ASD), enabling discreet access to materials and services at their own pace, reducing barriers to learning and engagement.

By thoughtfully embracing these technologies, libraries can transform into vibrant, welcoming spaces that embrace and empower all members of the community. Catering to diverse needs, languages, abilities, and preferences, AR and VR can significantly improve accessibility and inclusivity in libraries, ensuring that everyone benefits from these advancements.

2.3 Enhanced Learning Experiences and Information Delivery

These immersive technologies have the potential to revolutionize learning experiences in libraries. They transform static content into interactive materials, allowing users to visualize historical events, explore distant places, and grasp abstract concepts through immersive simulations. Incorporating AR and VR enables students to view 3D reconstructions of ancient sites and virtually explore historical ruins/locations, fostering curiosity and comprehension.

Personalized learning is facilitated as users tailor their educational journeys based on interests, abilities, and learning styles. Virtual exhibits and educational games adapt to individual progress, creating inclusive educational spaces for all patrons.

Information delivery is enhanced by transforming text-based resources into visually engaging formats. 3D models and VR simulations make complex topics simpler, catering to visual learners and those with shorter attention spans.

Collaborative learning is encouraged as users participate in virtual group discussions, collaborate on projects in shared VR environments, and engage with experts worldwide. This fosters knowledge exchange and creates a global learning community within libraries' physical and digital spaces.
These immersive technologies enhance learning experiences, making education more interactive, adaptable, and inclusive. With these innovations, libraries are positioned at the forefront of knowledge dissemination in an ever-evolving digital world.

3. Challenges and Considerations for Libraries

3.1 Cost and Financial Implications

Implementing AR, VR and immersive technologies in libraries or in organizations presents both exciting opportunities and significant challenges, particularly in terms of cost and financial implications.

a) **Initial Investment:** The adoption of these immersive technologies requires a substantial initial investment in hardware and software. High-quality VR AV equipment, AR devices, and immersive software can be costly, making it challenging for smaller libraries or organizations with limited budgets to embrace these technologies.

b) **Content Development:** Creating compelling and educational AR/VR content demands specialized skills and resources. Hiring or training staff in 3D modelling, animation, and programming adds to the financial burden. Additionally, procuring licenses for existing content may come with additional costs.

c) **Maintenance and Upgrades:** AR and VR equipment necessitate regular maintenance and upgrades to ensure optimal functionality and secured access to library digital contents. These costs can be ongoing and need to be factored into the budget.

d) **Training and Support:** Staff training is essential to effectively manage and guide patrons in using AR/VR technology. Allocating funds for training programs and support materials is vital to maximizing the potential of these technologies.

e) **Software and Licensing:** Licensing fees for software and immersive applications might escalate with the scale of implementation, posing a challenge to manage costs while offering diverse and engaging experiences to users.

f) **Technical Support:** Implementing emerging technologies often requires specialized technical support. Outsourcing support services or hiring skilled technicians can incur additional expenses.

g) **ROI Uncertainty:** Calculating the return on investment for these immersive implementations can be complex, especially for non-commercial organizations like libraries. Measuring the impact on user engagement, education, and satisfaction may not yield straightforward financial metrics.

h) **Obsolescence:** Rapid technological advancements may lead to early obsolescence of certain equipment or software, necessitating periodic replacements, further straining financial resources.

3.2 Technological Requirements and Infrastructure

The integration of the immersive technologies in libraries demands robust hardware and software setups. VR requires powerful computers, high-resolution headsets, and motion-tracking equipment, while AR relies on devices with cameras and sensors for accurate overlays. This can also strain budgets as updating and maintaining these setups can be costly.
Network infrastructure is crucial, especially for cloud-based or real-time VR applications, as stable and high-bandwidth connections are needed to avoid lag or disconnections that can detract from the immersion.

Privacy and security concerns arise as AR/VR applications may collect personal data or expose users to risks, demanding adherence to data protection regulations and ensuring user safety.

Adopting AR/VR technologies requires a strategic approach, involving assessing the target audience, defining clear objectives, and seamlessly integrating these technologies into existing library services and collections.

Overall, while offering exciting opportunities, successful implementation of AR, VR, and immersive technologies in libraries necessitates careful planning, significant investment, and a focus on technical requirements, infrastructure, and user needs.

3.3 Staff Training and Skill Development

Implementing immersive technologies in libraries presents several challenges related to staff training and skill development. Staff members must overcome the steep learning curve associated with AR, VR, and immersive technologies. Comprehensive training programs are crucial to ensure they acquire the technical expertise needed to operate and troubleshoot these systems effectively.

Continuous professional development becomes essential for librarians due to the rapidly evolving nature of these technologies. Staying updated on the latest advancements and best practices empower them to design innovative and engaging experiences for patrons.

Staff should receive guidance from industry experts on designing inclusive and accessible experiences. Familiarity with accessibility guidelines and sensitivity training is necessary to ensure that AR, VR, and immersive content can be used by diverse audiences, including people with disabilities.

Resistance or anxiety among staff members regarding job displacement or overwhelming changes can arise with the introduction of new technologies. Transparent communication from organizational leaders and support are crucial to address these concerns and assure employees that training will enhance their roles and relevance to the organisation.

Finally, standardizing training and skill development across different library branches or departments may prove challenging. Coordinated efforts, cross-departmental collaboration, and knowledge-sharing platforms are necessary to ensure consistent expertise and uniform implementation throughout the organization. By addressing these challenges, libraries can fully embrace immersive technologies and provide enriching experiences for their patrons.

3.4 Ethical and Privacy Concerns

The adoption of AR, VR, and immersive technologies presents exciting opportunities along with significant ethical and privacy challenges for libraries. A key concern revolves around data privacy, as these technologies may require users to create an account to gather and retain user data, posing issues of consent and data security. To address this, strict protocols must be established to protect user data and comply with privacy laws.
Content moderation is another ethical consideration, as libraries must carefully curate and filter AR and VR experiences to avoid promoting harmful or inappropriate content materials like racism, elitism, violence, etc, particularly when catering to diverse audiences, including children.

Equity and accessibility issues arise, demanding that libraries ensure these technologies are accessible to all users, regardless of disabilities or socioeconomic status, to avoid furthering digital divides.

The use of AR and VR blurs the lines between physical and virtual spaces, raising ethical questions about intellectual property, cultural sensitivity, and the preservation of historical artifacts. Libraries must respect copyright laws, handle cultural representations thoughtfully, and responsibly preserve and share digital heritage.

In striking the right balance between technological advancement and ethical considerations, libraries can create a positive and enriching experience for all users.

4. **Strategies for Overcoming Challenges**

4.1 Leveraging Community Partnerships

Community partnerships are a powerful tool for libraries and organizations seeking to enhance their use of AR, VR, and immersive technologies. These collaborations bring together diverse expertise and resources, enabling libraries to create more engaging experiences for patrons. Access to cutting-edge hardware from local businesses also alleviates financial constraints. Collaborations with educational institutions lead to ground-breaking projects and workshops that pique curiosity among library visitors.

By involving the community in brainstorming sessions, AR/VR experiences can be tailored to local interests, culture and history, making them more meaningful. Community partnerships also promote digital literacy and technological skills among individuals who may not have access to these technologies otherwise, making libraries hubs for learning and exploration.

Community partnerships may lead to secure funding and support from local businesses, government agencies and philanthropic foundations, ensuring the sustainability of AR/VR initiatives. This financial backing allows libraries to continuously improve and update their offerings, keeping pace with technological advancements.

Collaboration enriches the overall library experience, drives innovation, expands outreach, and equips individuals for a technology-driven world.

4.2 System and Software Selection

Selecting the right system and software for AR, VR, and immersive technologies is vital for libraries and organizations to successfully implement these transformative tools. These technologies have immense potential to revolutionize information access, learning, and user experiences within these institutions, leading to improved engagement and educational outcomes.
The chosen system and software must seamlessly integrate with the existing digital infrastructure of the organizations to ensure a smooth implementation process without disruption. Compatibility with databases, content management systems, and online platforms is crucial for efficient integration.

Additionally, the selected technology should align with the organisation's specific needs and goals. Tailoring AR and VR solutions to objectives, such as educational VR software for interactive learning experiences, ensures focused and mission-aligned investments.

User-friendliness and intuitiveness of the software are essential for easy adoption by staff and patrons. Simple-to-use technology promotes self-directed learning and exploration, facilitating successful integration.

Considering factors like scalability, ongoing maintenance support, and updates is vital for sustaining AR/VR implementation. Opting for systems and software that can grow with the organisation's needs and receive regular updates ensures enhanced performance, security, and additional features.

By making well-informed decisions, libraries and organizations alike, can leverage the full potential of AR, VR, and immersive technologies to enhance their services, engage users, and stay at the forefront of the evolving digital landscape.

**4.3 Staff Training and Professional Development**

Implementing AR, VR, and immersive technologies in libraries and organizations requires thoughtful planning, investment, and staff training to ensure successful integration. To achieve this, organisations should identify passionate staff members who understand the organization's goals and user needs to lead the implementation. These key individuals should then undergo comprehensive training, including understanding the capabilities and limitations of AR and VR, operating hardware and software, creating immersive content, and integrating the technologies into existing library services effectively.

Encouraging staff participation in relevant conferences, both held locally and overseas, webinars, and forums enables them to stay updated with the latest developments and best practices in AR and VR implementation. Additionally, establishing a culture of experimentation and innovation is crucial to explore creative ways of engaging users and meeting diverse needs.

Continuous professional development is vital due to the rapid evolution of technology. Regular skill assessments, evaluations and refresher courses ensure that staff remain competent in implementing these technologies. A collaborative learning environment allows staff to share experiences and learn from one another, fostering continuous improvement and strengthen teamwork. This will empower staff to create engaging user experiences and remain at the forefront of innovation.

**4.4 Ethical Guidelines and Privacy Policies**

Libraries and organizations must prioritize ethical guidelines and privacy policies in implementing AR, VR, and immersive technologies to ensure responsible usage. Striking a balance between innovation and safeguarding users' rights and data is crucial as these technologies become more integrated into daily life.
To achieve this, transparency about data collection and storage is essential, with clear privacy policies informing users about data usage and sharing. Obtaining user consent is vital, while avoiding intrusive data collection that compromises privacy.

Content creation and distribution should follow ethical considerations, steering clear of harmful stereotypes, offensive material, or misinformation. Libraries must provide unbiased and accurate content, promoting intellectual growth and inclusivity.

User safety is paramount, with experiences designed to avoid physical harm or psychological distress, especially in sensitive or traumatic scenarios.

Addressing accessibility challenges for people with disabilities is crucial, making immersive technologies inclusive for all users.

Data security must be a priority, with robust measures in place to protect user data from unauthorized access or breaches.

Continuous evaluation and adaptation of ethical guidelines and privacy policies are necessary as technology evolves. Engaging in ongoing dialogues with users and experts ensures refining policies accordingly while fostering trust among users and upholding their commitment to responsible innovation.

### 5. Recommendations for Libraries

#### 5.1 Planning and Implementation Strategies

Implementing AR, VR, and immersive technologies in libraries and organizations requires careful planning and execution to ensure successful integration and user adoption. These technologies have the potential to revolutionize how information is accessed and presented, enhancing the user experience. Here are some key strategies to consider for successful implementation:

a) **Needs Assessment**: Begin by conducting a thorough needs assessment to identify the specific requirements and expectations of the target audience. Understanding their preferences and goals will help tailor the AR, VR, and immersive experiences to suit their needs.

b) **Technology Evaluation**: Assess the available AR, VR, and immersive technology options in the market. Consider factors such as cost, compatibility, ease of use, and potential for future updates. Choose technology that aligns with the organisation's goals and resources.

c) **Staff Training**: Ensure that the staff responsible for managing the technology are adequately trained. Familiarity with the technology is essential to provide technical support and assist users effectively.

d) **Content Creation**: Develop diverse and engaging content for the AR, VR, and immersive experiences. Collaborate with subject matter experts to create interactive and educational experiences, promoting learning and exploration.

e) **Accessibility and Inclusivity**: Make the technology and content accessible to all users, including those with disabilities. Consider implementing features like closed captions, audio descriptions, and alternative input methods.
f) **User Guidance**: Provide clear instructions and guidance on how to use the AR, VR, and immersive technologies. Offer assistance for first-time users to ensure a positive initial experience.

g) **Test and Iterate**: Conduct pilot programs to gather feedback from users and staff. Use this feedback to identify areas for improvement and refine the implementation strategy iteratively.

h) **Marketing and Promotion**: Create a marketing plan to generate awareness and interest in the new offerings. Utilize various channels such as social media, library websites, and community events to promote the technology and its benefits.

i) **Collaboration**: Collaborate with other organizations, educational institutions, or technology experts to share knowledge and best practices. Working together can lead to innovative ideas and better implementation outcomes.

j) **Data Privacy and Security**: Prioritize data privacy and security measures. Ensure that user data is protected and implement measures to prevent any potential breaches or misuse.

### 5.2 Starting Small and Scaling Up

Implementing AR, VR, and immersive technologies can enhance library and organizational services, but a small-scale approach is crucial. Starting with a PoC or pilot trial allows testing and experimentation without committing substantial resources. Pilot projects help gauge user interest, identify challenges, and assess impacts.

These technologies require specialized skills, so gradual implementation allows targeted training for staff, building confidence for larger deployments. User feedback is essential, and starting small helps gather preferences and needs for AR and VR experiences.

Additionally, scaling up gradually helps identify infrastructure requirements, enabling phased investments in hardware, software, and network upgrades. Content development takes time, so starting small allows focus on creating high-quality experiences.

Moreover, a gradual approach keeps libraries updated with technological advancements, allowing them to adapt and incorporate the latest developments. Careful planning and execution lead to successful and enriching service offerings for patrons.

### 5.3 User-Centric Approach

Adopting a user-centric approach is crucial for libraries and organizations aiming to successfully implement immersive technologies to be part of their service offerings. This approach prioritizes the needs, preferences, and experiences of users, ensuring that the technologies are not only well-received but also effectively utilized to enhance their engagement and learning. Here are the key reasons for embracing a user-centric approach:

a) **Enhanced User Experience**: User-centric design focuses on understanding users' requirements and tailoring immersive technologies to meet their expectations. By creating seamless and intuitive experiences, libraries can foster positive interactions with AR and VR, encouraging users to explore and fully utilize the resources available.

b) **Increased Adoption and Accessibility**: A user-centric approach helps in overcoming barriers to entry by considering factors such as ease of use, hardware requirements, and adaptability to various user demographics. This widens the reach of AR and VR
technologies, making them accessible to a broader audience and increasing their adoption rate.

c) **Targeted Content and Services**: Understanding user preferences and behaviours enable libraries to curate relevant and personalized content. By aligning immersive experiences with users’ interests, educational needs, and entertainment preferences, libraries can deliver more impactful and engaging services.

d) **Measurable Impact and Continuous Improvement**: A user-centric approach allows libraries to gather valuable feedback and data from users’ interactions with AR and VR. This data-driven approach enables continuous improvement and refinement of services based on real user experiences, ensuring that the technologies remain relevant and effective.

e) **Supporting Lifelong Learning**: Immersive technologies have tremendous potential to enhance learning experiences. By adopting a user-centric approach, libraries can develop educational content, virtual workshops, and training programs that cater to diverse learning styles, fostering a culture of lifelong learning and knowledge-sharing.

f) **Innovative and Future-Proof Services**: Technology is constantly evolving, and user preferences change over time. A user-centric approach encourages libraries to stay attuned to emerging trends and embrace innovation, ensuring that their services remain relevant and future-proof.

g) **Building Stronger Relationships**: By placing users at the centre of the development process, libraries can build trust and strengthen their relationships with their patrons. Understanding users’ needs fosters a sense of ownership and inclusivity, making users more likely to engage with and support the library’s services.

### 5.4 Continuous Evaluation and Improvement

Libraries and organizations must continuously assess and enhance their use of the immersive technologies for several reasons. Firstly, the rapid evolution of these technologies necessitates ongoing evaluation to remain current and engaging. Regular assessments ensure that services are effective and meet changing user expectations.

Accessibility and inclusivity are crucial aspects to consider, as libraries must ensure these technologies are available to all patrons. Evaluations help identify barriers and ensure equitable access to immersive experiences.

The educational value of these immersive technologies is also measured through continuous evaluation, benefiting patrons’ learning outcomes and leading to more effective programs and resources.

Moreover, ongoing evaluation supports financial sustainability by optimizing resource allocation based on user preferences and needs.

Engaging in regular assessments builds trust with user communities, demonstrating a commitment to user-centric services and fostering a positive relationship.

Continuous evaluation and improvement are essential for successful implementation of AR, VR, and immersive technologies in libraries and organizations. Embracing a dynamic approach enables them to stay relevant, accessible, educational, and financially sustainable, while enhancing the overall user experience.
6. AR, VR, and Immersive Technologies in Singapore Libraries

6.1 Immersive Storytelling Rooms

National Library Board (NLB), Singapore, developed its first immersive storytelling (IST) room in the children’s section in one of its public libraries (Bukit Panjang Public Library) in 2017. The IST room aimed to enhance storytelling experience by introducing immersive full wall projection for storytelling using 4K high resolution projections seamlessly blending images together on the wall with surround audio to ‘bring’ patrons into the story. As of 2023, the NLB has developed 4 IST rooms in various libraries throughout the country, namely Bukit Panjang Public Library, library@harbourfront, Punggol Regional Library and the Central Public Library.

The IST room has evolved from being just an immersive storytelling room, to a programming space to hold interactive digital exhibitions, well as events. Floor projection and full wall interactivity using LiDAR sensors are part of the enhancements that have been incorporated into the IST room. Storytelling contents as well as educational interactive games can be shared across the IST rooms.

6.2 AR for Programs and Exhibitions

AR has been incorporated as part of NLB’s service offerings. It is used to enhance learning by providing additional information and media assets like videos, images and interactive 3D objects to compliment exhibitions. One of the libraries that uses AR technology in Singapore is the Choa Chu Kang Public Library. It boasts an AR learning trail where visitors can experience immersive AR content by scanning QR codes around the library with their smartphones. They be able to learn about the endangered Sambar Deer, a native deer in Singapore, as well as the rubber-tapping in the 19th century, just to name a few. The AR platform used is a SaaS based AR development kit which is user-friendly for staff to create the AR interactions and deploy them in-house. A SaaS based platform eases maintenance requirements and security patch updates compared to hosting the services in the organisation’s local server. The AR contents are can also be shared and deployed amongst the 27 NLB public libraries in Singapore.
6.3 360VR Library Tours and Exhibitions

NLB use the 360-degree VR to archive old libraries before they are demolished or renovated/transformed into new library spaces. Interactive hotspots include media elements like videos and images to provide additional information about the library. VR is also being used to compliment the physical exhibitions held in NLB libraries. Users can access additional information on these digital twins of these exhibitions. At the end of the physical exhibition period, users can still access them virtually through the VR portal on NLB websites. Users can also wear VR headsets to transport themselves into the digital exhibitions through virtual reality.

These implementations assist in boosting the key performance indicators, e.g., visitorships and programmes attendance. After the implementation of the first immersive room in Bukit Panjang Public Library, the storytelling attendance increased to 700% within the first 6 months of implementation. AR and VR has also contributed to the increase in user access to the exhibitions and services provided by the libraries.

7. Conclusion
Technological advancements in the digital age have revolutionized libraries and organizations, with AR, VR, and immersive technologies emerging as transformative tools. Integrating these technologies is imperative, given the demand for interactive experiences and rapid information dissemination. These technologies, greatly emphasize their capacity to enhance user experiences, foster learning, and adapt to evolving societal needs.

They encourage experimentation and creativity among library staff and content creators, enabling innovative formats and interactive storytelling. Embracing these services fosters a culture of innovation, promoting collaboration and innovative projects that redefine traditional knowledge dissemination.

In conclusion, the integration of AR, VR, and immersive services in libraries and organizations is not just recommended, but strategically essential. These technologies offer numerous advantages, from improved user experiences to greater accessibility and inclusivity. By adopting these tools, institutions demonstrate their commitment to meeting user needs and shaping the future of knowledge dissemination and user engagement in the digital age.

Acknowledgments

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